

SPECIFIC FEATURES OF THE NATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS ORGANIZATION IN THE PROVISION OF CHILD RIGHTS

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Annotation

in this article, the specific features of the National Human Rights Act in ensuring the rights of the child are widely and comprehensively covered.

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Of course, as in all spheres, the organs of state power and Administration play an important and decisive role in ensuring and protecting the rights of the child. Because, how successful the implementation of public policy in this area, improvement of legislation and other legal, organizational issues are directly related to how democratic and effective the activities of public authorities and management bodies are. According to the law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on guarantees of the rights of the child", within the framework of its functions the bodies of state power and administration shall carry out the following powers:

- formation and implementation of a single state policy on ensuring the rights of the child;
- setting priorities for ensuring the rights of the child;
- execution of the legislation on guarantees of Child Rights;
- implementation of information and educational activities;
- the solution of such issues as the support of children in need of social protection. Public authorities and management bodies can also exercise other powers in accordance with the legislation.

In order to ensure the protection of the rights, freedoms and legitimate interests of the child, to coordinate the activities of state bodies and other bodies, organizations for the protection of the rights of the child, a competent body for the rights of the child may be established in accordance with the procedure established by law. In addition, this article provides for the implementation of provisions on the need to take measures

to ensure the protection of the rights of the child provided for in the convention on the rights of the child, in order to coordinate and interact activities between various public authorities, public authorities and national non-governmental organizations, as well as international organizations.

External monitoring and control over the activities of state bodies, children's institutions and organizations is carried out by the following special institutions created in the system of legislative and executive state bodies:

- Representative of the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan on human rights;
- National Center for human rights of the Republic of Uzbekistan;
- Institute of monitoring of current legislation under the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan;

As in all democratic societies, the legal guarantees of protection and provision of Child Rights in the Republic of Uzbekistan and their effectiveness are a direct link to the activities of institutions: self-governing bodies of citizens and non-governmental organizations, which are considered the backbone of civil society in the country.

In the years of independence, international and national legal guarantees have been created for the unification of citizens in non-profit organizations considered as non-profit bodies in the protection of human rights in our country. To this end, Uzbekistan adopted the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948-y), The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (1966-y.), "International Covenant on economic, social and Cultural Rights" (1966-y.), as well as a number of international documents of the IOM and UNESCO organizations have been added to this sphere, and the national legislative system has been created, and this institution is constantly improving. This system includes such laws as the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Civil Code, "on Public Associations" of the Republic of Uzbekistan, "on non-profit organizations", "on social funds", "on protection of Journalism activities", "on guarantees of activities of non-profit organizations", "on sponsorship", as well as laws of the Cabinet of Ministers "on regulation of registration of Public Associations". Such legislative acts as "on the registration of statutes of Public Associations on the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan" are included.

According to the law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on guarantees of the rights of the child", self-governing bodies of citizens and non-profit organizations assist the child in realization and protection of his rights, freedoms and legitimate interests, provide legal, methodological, information and other assistance to the child or his legal representative. Institutions of civil society, together with independent and state bodies, participate in ensuring the rights of the child. Article 6 provides for the participation of society in the development and implementation of programs for the purpose of carrying out this activity, as well as in ensuring financing by the state and international organizations.

The participation of society in ensuring the rights and legitimate interests of the child is manifested in the activities of community structures directly formed by citizens, that is, self-governing bodies of citizens and non-profit organizations (community associations, community funds, institutions, etc.).

Institutions of self-government and non-profit organizations of citizens provide assistance to the child in the implementation and protection of his rights, freedoms and legitimate interests, provide legal, methodological, information and other types of assistance to the child or his legal representative.

This article covers the main place of small business and business in today's market economy. Including scientifically analyzed the development of small business and business, and the legal basis, at this time financially support small business and business, the latter is amended and the rules for this branch of national legislation are added.

Reliable system evaluation quality education allows satisfy informational needs various participants educational relations (students and parents, teachers and managers, employers and specialists), a also adjust politics on ensuring quality education. In an article consistently revealing the principles of the Bologna process for measuring the quality of education, the dynamics of internationalization and the logic of

integration in European higher education and in Eurasia.

This article analyzes the co-evolution of the family and society, the diversity of approaches to family development, the variability of the family in space and time. In addition considering the modernized forms of the modern Western family, there emphasized one-sided approaches to developing family. It reveals the need to take into account the dominant influence of the social environment while strengthening family relations.

Constitutions have a law and an internal structure. The external structure of the Constitution describes its relationship with other sources of law, the totality of relations, its place and role in the legal system and its significance in the system of social and normative regulation in society.

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